

BY AUTHORITY.

Homestead Lots, North Kona, Hawaii.

Notice is hereby given:

1. That 4 Lots have been set apart at Puna, District of North Kona, Hawaii, for the purpose of conveying to such persons as may wish to acquire homesteads upon which to live.
2. Maps of these Lots can be examined at the Land Office, Interior Department, Honolulu, or at the office of J. Kaelemakule at Kailua, North Kona, Hawaii.
3. J. Kaelemakule will point out the Lots to any person desiring to see them, for which service he will be entitled to a fee of \$1 from the person applying.
4. Persons who may desire Lots shall apply in writing to the Minister of the Interior upon a blank form, copies of which may be obtained free of said J. Kaelemakule.
5. No applications will be considered from persons who already own land.
6. Every applicant must be of full age.
7. The applicant will be allowed ten years in which to pay the land, during which time it will be exempt from taxes.
8. He must within one year build a dwelling house on the Lot and begin to occupy the same and continue to occupy it for the remainder of the term of ten years.
9. He must within three years enclose the Lot with a substantial fence.
10. He must pay quarterly in advance interest upon the unpaid purchase price at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum. The purchaser may pay the whole or any part of the purchase price at any time, which will stop interest.
11. The preliminary agreement is non-assignable, and the land cannot be sold until all conditions are fulfilled.
12. Failure to comply with any of the conditions will work a forfeiture of the land.

J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior,
Interior Office, Jan. 30, 1893.
638-11

SCHOOL HOUSE FOR HANAMAULU, KAUAI.

Tenders will be received at the office of the Board of Education until MONDAY, the 20th of February, at 12 o'clock noon, for the construction, including material, painting, freight, etc., of a School House 26x48x12 feet, and a Teacher's Cottage 36x12x12 feet with veranda, at the above named place.

Cartage of the lumber, etc., from the Hanamaulu landing to the school site will be free to the contractor.

Plans and specifications for the work may be seen at the office of the Board of Education, and at Mr. A. S. Wilcox's, Hanamaulu.

The Board does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order of the Board of Education.
W. JAS. SMITH,
Secretary.
Education Office, Jan. 31, 1893.
639 31-4 21

SALE OF LEASE

Of Government Land at Laupahoehoe, Hilo, Hawaii.

On THURSDAY, March 2, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of Ali-olani Hall, will be sold at Public Auction the Lease of all that Tract of Government Land in the District of Hilo, Hawaii, lying between the boundary of Mauna Nui, and the eastern edge of Laupahoehoe Gulch, and extending from the sea to the line of forest as surveyed about 1 1/2 miles mauka from shore.

Reserving to the Government the right of way for three roads running mauka from main road to the Forest. An area of 20-50 acres known as the "Lygate Homestead," and also the spring supplying the Laupahoehoe Water Works. Area, 3,000 acres a little more or less.

For further information apply to the Land Office, Interior Department.

Term—Lease for 15 years.
Upset price \$1,200 per annum, payable semi-annually in advance.

J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior,
Interior Office, Jan. 30, 1893.
638-11

SALE OF LEASE

Of a Tract of Government Land, Hilo, Hawaii.

On WEDNESDAY, March 8, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of Ali-olani Hall, will be sold at Public Auction the Lease of that Tract of Government Land lying between the land of Humuila and the land of Kaiwika, L. C. A. 9671, in Hilo District, Hawaii, and extending from sea to boundary about 14,000 feet mauka of same and containing an area of 1300 acres more or less.

Term—Lease for 20 years.
Upset price, \$402 per annum, payable semi-annually in advance.

J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior,
Interior Office, February 7, 1893.
644-11

SALE OF A

Government Lot at Kaluapalena, Kalihi, Oahu.

On WEDNESDAY, March 15, 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of Ali-olani Hall, will be sold at Public Auction, Government Building Lot No. 19 at Kaluapalena, Kalihi, Oahu, containing an area of one 0-100 acres, a little more or less.

Upset price \$300.

J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior,
Interior Office, Feb. 13, 1893.
640-11

IRRIGATION NOTICE.

Holdings of Water Privileges, or those paying Water Rates, are hereby notified that the Hours for using water for irrigation purposes are from 6 to 8 o'clock a. m., and 4 to 6 o'clock p. m., until further notice.

JOHN C. WHITE,
Supt. Honolulu Water Works.

Approved:
G. N. WILCOX,
Minister of the Interior,
Honolulu, H. I., Jan. 5, 1893.
617-11

NOTICE TO OWNERS OF BRANDS.

All Brands must, by law, be re-registered prior to July 1, 1893, or they will be forfeited, and can thereafter be appropriated by any one.

Registration on Oahu shall be made at the Interior Office.

On the other Islands it shall be done at the Offices of the several Sheriffs.

G. N. WILCOX,
Minister of the Interior,
Interior Office, Dec. 2, 1892.
639-11

S. E. KALEIKAU, Esq., has this day been appointed Notary Public for the Second Judicial Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.

J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior,
Interior Office, Feb. 11, 1893.
640-31

RUFUS A. LYMAN, Esq., has this day been appointed Notary Public for the Fourth Judicial Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.

J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior,
Interior Office, Feb. 14, 1893.
639-31

THE DAILY BULLETIN.

Pledged to neither Sect nor Party,
But Established for the Benefit of All.

TUESDAY, FEB. 14, 1893.

Since the removal of the duty on all grades of refined sugars up to 16, Dutch standard, a large importing trade in Scotch sugar has grown up at Philadelphia. The San Francisco Call says: "The fact that the sugar refining business of this country is largely in the hands of a combine will deprive the American company of much of the sympathy that would otherwise be felt for it in a contest with foreign refiners." Again, "A measure which gives foreign works possession of a country is a ruinous way to break up a home combine."

As the Executive and Advisory Councils have adopted the recommendations of their committee on the Board of Health, there is little use in discussing the matter. The reorganized Board as proposed will consist of the Minister of the Interior, the Attorney-General, the Superintendent of Public Works, three doctors and one other member. It was the conclusion of the conference fully reported in this paper that the port physician should be one of the three doctors. This does not seem to consist with the main idea of the meeting that there should be no executive officer in the Board.

The sugar planters of Louisiana are taking concerted action as to their course in the face of the threatened repeal of the sugar bounty. Although their consultations were conducted in secrecy, at last accounts, their general plan was elicited in interviews. It was to stand on the ground that the bounty was part of a contract for fifteen years, and could not be abolished without compensation. If it must be abolished they were to claim a graduated scale of duties, changing at certain intervals, from two cents a pound down to the vanishing point.

Lieutenant-Commander Z. L. Tanner, U. S. N., lately delivered what is described as an interesting lecture in San Francisco on "Cable Surveys from California to the Hawaiian Islands." It was his first appearance as a public speaker. He said the best surveys made were those by the U. S. S. Albatross, and of these the best was a run line from Salinas landing, Monterey, Cal., to Mauna Loa bay, Hawaii. This line was of the most uniform depth and the grades easy and of comparatively low elevation. The bottom was most suitable for preserving the cable from injury and there were no bottom currents to amount to anything. Captain Tanner said the surveys were all finished, the course had been marked out, and a most suitable bed for the cable found. It rested now only with the electrical engineer and the capitalist.

ADVERTISING NOTES.

Root Beer on draught at Benson, Smith & Co.'s.

After shaving use Cucumber Skin Tonic. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents.

Sunburn relieved at once by Cucumber Tonic. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents.

Dr. McLennan, 131 Fort street, above Hotel. Chronic and Surgical cases. Mutual Telephone 682.

Mechanics' Home, 59 and 61 Hotel street. Lodging by day, week or month—25c. and 50c. a night; \$1 and \$1.25 a week.

Mr. Albert Favorite, of Arkansas City, Kan., wishes to give our readers the benefit of his experience with colds. He says: "I contracted a cold early last spring that settled on my lungs, and had hardly recovered from it when I caught another that hung on all summer and left me with a hacking cough which I thought I would never get rid of. I had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy some fourteen years ago with much success, and concluded to try it again. When I had got through with one bottle my cough had left me, and I have not suffered with a cough or cold since. I have recommended it to others, and all speak well of it." 50 cent bottles for sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Conference on the Question of Its Reorganization.

(Concluded.)

Dr. Stangenwald, referring to one of the items in the paper read by Dr. Emerson, said they were all agreed that the water supply would need to be attended to most carefully. There were wells that could not be trusted, among such being the artesian well in Thomas Square. A year or two ago, when water was being pumped from this well into the reservoir mains, it was noticed that as the water in it was lowered a duck pond a short distance away dried up. Some years ago, when there was an epidemic of fever here, the late S. G. Wilder, then Minister of the Interior, asked him to examine some water in the valley. They found a terrible state of things—water running down from little places where pigs were kept and every drop going into the government reservoir.

Mr. Young suggested that they should first of all settle the question of organization of the Board.

Dr. Rodgers regarded the plan proposed by the Medical Association as appearing to be all right. Whether the President would be a member of the Board or not he thought was a matter that should be left to the Board. An idea of his, which he recommended to the Government soon after the Reform Cabinet came in, was to have a physician as Secretary of the Board, as a medical man could judge whether the requisitions of Government physicians were all right. He wanted to understand whether the medical man proposed as executive officer—he would not discuss the question of making the same one port physician—was to do the work hitherto done by the chief of the Board.

Dr. Wood thought the idea was that the executive officer should discharge most of the duties of the President of the Board as it now stands, but this executive officer was not to be the President.

Dr. Miner coincided.

Dr. Lyons was in agreement with all the conclusions of the Medical Association. They wanted a body independent of the question of salaries, that necessarily bring in a good deal of politics one way and another.

Mr. Carter expressed the willingness of the Board to discuss the matter of reorganization with the committee of the Advisory Council at any time. The Board had been limited in means for carrying out sanitation. The letter received from Dr. Emerson was handed immediately to the Minister of Interior, with a letter advising that he give it his attention and make such application for funds as might be necessary for carrying out the work, but the necessity was upon the Legislature and expressed through the Ways and Means Committee of reducing the expenses, and the appropriation asked for by the Board of Health was cut down to about the lowest possible figure. He wished to see the efficiency of the quarantine station increased. It was a crude establishment but had answered its purpose thus far. He was not reforming the Board, and nothing would suit him better than to be "reformed" out of it. Still he was perfectly willing to go on if necessary.

Mr. Young asked Mr. Carter for his views on increasing the Board from five to seven members, and having two or three physicians on it.

Mr. Carter thought it would be an advantage to increase the number because, if there were seven, four or five would make a quorum. Mr. Waterhouse, Mr. Dayton and himself had been the only regular attendees at the meetings. In regard to putting medical gentlemen on the Board, his experience had been that the larger part of the work done by the Board had been of a business character. When they needed professional assistance they called for it, and had always found an able second in Dr. Trouseau. When the cholera scare was upon them, it was deemed necessary to call in an advisory board of physicians, and he knew that they got along very happily with them. He should not be averse at all to having one or two—he was afraid of three, but thought they could manage two physicians on the Board.

Dr. Miner would say three, as it was well known physicians did not agree, and three would make it all right.

Mr. Carter did not think the practice of physicians would admit of their regular attendance, but there might be times when a special invitation would be given to the medical gentlemen to meet them.

Mr. Waterhouse agreed with everything Mr. Carter had said, even to being "reformed" out of the Board. They had been much hampered at times, preventing them from carrying out what they ought. For the last nine months there had been so many changes in the Ministry they had been able to do but very little in certain lines. For instance, they had rules and regulations for the Settlement that ought to be approved, but there had been no Ministry in long enough to attend to it for the last eight or ten months.

Mr. Carter approved the suggestion of having one or two members of the Ministry in the Board, thinking certainly the Attorney-General should be there.

Mr. Dayton had been connected with the Board of Health for over thirty years—in former years as agent. He had always felt the necessity of having the Attorney-General in it to advise on points of law. When the executive officers of the Government were in the Board, however, they very seldom came and the work fell on the three already named. The other members would attend when they had some purpose in view. The Leper Settlement required a great deal of care and of thought. Then there was the quarantine work, with which the speaker was familiar—he had just come from quarantine duties to attend that meeting. He was in favor of two doctors on the Board.

At Dr. McGrew's suggestion a vote was taken on the immediate point in question, and it was unanimously agreed that the Board of Health should be increased to seven members.

Mr. Damon said he had voted for seven with the understanding that some of the Ministry should be on the Board. He was also in favor of having three physicians. It had long been his view that the Board should be a body by itself, with its executive officer not a member. Then when anything was agreed on, the officer should have to carry it out. If you get seven or five, or even three fairly intelligent men together, first one and then another may have his individual opinion, but as a rule they come round to a very effective conclusion. That conclusion is the consensus of opinion of those seven or five, and that is what the executive officer must carry it out. It is his business to obey orders, and when he does not obey orders it is time he moved out. Then the Board would be responsible and no one else. When they got the Board up to that point they would make the Board of Health a success.

Dr. McGrew moved, seconded by Dr. Miner, that there be three physicians on the Board.

Mr. Damon thought three members from the Government, and two other lay members and two physicians would divide up the Board very nicely.

Dr. Miner thought justice had not been done to physicians in the past. This calling on them and thanking them afterward was all very well, but they didn't get the credit of it. If a lawyer should be there, and an engineer should be there, why in heaven's name should not physicians be there?

Mr. Young was in favor of three doctors, for if there were only two and they disagreed how were the lay members to judge? The two might be wrong of course.

Dr. McKibbin believed that there should be three medical men. For some time past the medical men were a little bit hurt the way they had been treated. They had been asked when it was necessary and they had been kept out when it was necessary. He thought the medical men should be properly represented on the Board.

The motion to have three physicians on the Board was carried, and the port physician was to be one of them.

Chairman McChesney—Then there is the proposition that the members of the Board should all serve without pay.

Mr. Damon—That is a matter that we cannot bring up. I would like to thank you gentlemen of the Board of Health and physicians for coming here this evening. I was told very positively that this meeting would never amount to anything, and I was advised very strongly not to attempt anything of the kind, but I felt sure that a number of you would come and that we should get more light, and I really feel much indebted to you all for what you have done this evening, and I assure you, as far as this committee is concerned, the physicians will not be forgotten in the future.

The meeting then adjourned.

Mr. C. J. Lyons, in charge of Weather Bureau, has had made a printed statement of the rainfall for 1892, for all stations on the islands. It is for mailing to all observers who have furnished records, and spare copies can be had at the Survey office. The greatest for the whole group was 176.92 inches at one of the two Honouliuli stations, Hawaii, and the smallest 15.60 at Olowalu, Maui. On Oahu the greatest was 127.02 at the Luakaha, Nuuanu, water works reservoir, and the smallest 20 at Waianae.

The Daily Bulletin is delivered by carriers for 50 cents per month.

WANTED

A COMPETENT GIRL TO DO LIGHT Housework and assist in Sewing. Apply to
MRS. E. S. CUNHA,
Vineyard street.
650-11

CO. "B."

ARMORY CO. "B." NATIONAL GUARD OF HAWAII.
HONOLULU, Feb. 14, 1893.

ALL MEMBERS OF CO. "B." are requested to report at the Old Armory, Queen street, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, Feb. 14th, at 7 o'clock, and FRIDAY NIGHT, at 7 o'clock, instead of at New Barracks as announced at last meeting.

H. GUNN,
Capt. Commanding.

Honolulu Engine Co. No. 1.



SPECIAL MEETING.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE COMPANY will be held THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, Feb. 14th, at 7:30 o'clock. All members are requested to be present.

PER ORDER.

INFORMATION WANTED.

RALPH MERROW, FROM MINOT Corner, Maine, left home seven years ago; was then 20 years of age; 5 feet 10 inches in height; dark hair and eyes; first joint of thumb on left hand gone. If he will communicate with the undersigned he will hear of something to his advantage.

R. H. NORTON,
Honolulu.

FOR SALE

THREE HAWAIIAN BRED Mules. Can be seen at work between the Kamehameha Schools and the Masonic Temple any day. Apply to
J. B. THOMAS.
622-11

"German Syrup"

Martinsville, N.J., Methodist Parsonage. "My acquaintance with your remedy, Boschee's German Syrup, was made about fourteen years ago, when I contracted a Cold which resulted in a Hoarseness and a Cough which disabled me from filling my pulpit for a number of Sabbaths. After trying a Physician, without obtaining relief—I cannot say now what remedy he prescribed—I saw the advertisement of your remedy and obtained a bottle. I received such quick and permanent relief from it that whenever we have had Throat or Bronchial troubles since in our family, Boschee's German Syrup has been our favorite remedy and always with favorable results. I have never hesitated to report my experience of its use to others when I have found them troubled in like manner." REV. W. H. HAGGARTY, of the Newark, New Jersey, M. E. Conference, April 25, '90.

G. G. GREEN, Sole Man'r. Woodbury, N. J.

The following choice bit of word painting occurs in Hawthorne's Marble Faun:

"Women be they of what earthly rank they may, however gifted with intellect or endowed with awful beauty, have always some little handicraft ready to fill the gap of every vacant moment. A needle is familiar to the fingers of them all. A queen, no doubt, piles it on occasion; the woman poet can do it as adroitly as her pen; the woman's eye, that has discovered the polished little instrument gleaming along the hem of her kerchief, or to darn a casual fray in her dress. And they have greatly the advantage of us in this respect. The slender thread of silk or cotton keeps them united with the small, familiar, gentle insects of life, the continually operating influences of which do so much for the health of the character, and carry off what would otherwise be a dangerous accumulation of morbid sensibility. A vast deal of human sympathy runs along this electric line, stretching from the throne to the wicker chair of the humblest seamstress, and keeping high and low in a species of communion with their kindred beings."

Housewives, while you ply the needle, have you ever related on the vicissitudes of life? See to it that your husbands provide for the future welfare of their families by at once applying to a Policy in the EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY of the United States. No more suitable gift could be offered to you.

BRUCE & A. J. CARTWRIGHT,
General Agents for the Hawaiian Islands
Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States.

DR. M. L. MINER, D. V. S.,

Veterinary Surgeon, Physician and Dentist.

OFFICE—Hotel Stables. Both Telephones 32.

OFFICE HOURS:
8 to 10 A. M.; 1:30 to 3:30 P. M.

RESIDENCE: With Dr. F. L. Miner, Beretania street—Bell Tele. 364; Mutual Tele. 480.

All Calls Will Receive Prompt Attention.

Veterinary Infirmary,

KING STREET.

W. T. MONSARRAT,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Government Veterinary Surgeon, Inspector of Stock, Port of Honolulu.
Excellent Accommodation for Patients. No Risk in Throwing Horses.

Improved Veterinary Operating Table.

VETERINARY DENTISTRY.

Orders for Plantation and Ranch Stock will receive prompt attention.

Mutual 183—TELEPHONS—Bell 96.
617-2w

FOR YOKOHAMA!

The Nippon Yusen Kaisha's Al Steamer

"MIKI MARU,"

3000 TONS.

Will be due at this port on or about the 28th inst. and will leave for Yokohama

On SATURDAY, March 4th,

For information regarding Freight and Passage, apply to

WM. G. IRWIN & CO., Ld.,
General Agent Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
640-3w

SEED COCOANUTS

A Small Lot of the Noted

NIU LEA or DWARF COCOANUT

Just Received from Samoa, also a lot of

ASSORTED VARIETIES OF COCOANUTS.

These Nuts are carefully selected for planting and are just beginning to sprout. A photograph of the Dwarf Coconut may be seen at the store of

H. E. MCINTYRE & BRO.
622-2w

PINEAPPLE PLANTS!

Just Received

Per S. S. "MONOWAI"

3,000

Ripley Queen Pineapples Plants

FOR SALE BY

Lewis J. Levey,
Cor. Fort & Queen sts.

Daily Bulletin, 50 cents a month, delivered free.

Hawaiian Hardware Co., Ltd

Saturday, Feb. 11, 1893.

The discussion on the rainfall in Honolulu during the past week was interesting—to men who sold rubber coats, not particularly so with us because we deal somewhat in Aermotors and when the rain fall is greatest our sales in that particular article fall off. People do not require artificial means of obtaining water when it rains twelve or fourteen inches in twenty minutes. For the next two weeks or longer the attention of the people will be riveted on the American navy and the Portuguese band.

But we want to claim the attention of the gentle housewife for a few minutes. During the week we received glassware suited to the purse of the people who are passing through a period of hard times. It's not cheap looking stuff but something that will go side by side with cut glass. Instead of the conventional white it is of white with provisional red blending delicately into the white. Some sets have bird, and flowers etched into the red showing the white surface underneath, the prettiest, however, have a fan cut into the red giving it a rich effect. We don't wish to deceive you in the latter style, it is really cut glass but the price suggests something poor in quality. We have berry bowls and saucers (they'll do admirably for ice cream), lemonade tankards and goblets. We will sell them in sets or single pieces. These are really the handsomest pieces of cheap glassware we have ever offered for sale.

In 1887 there was as much excitement in Great Britain over the anniversary of Victoria's accession to the throne as there is now in the United States over the prospect of the Columbian Exposition; everything there was "jubilee." A man wore a "jubilee coat" and he drank "jubilee gin." A lady wore "jubilee hose" or was classed as a back number. Hawaii is undergoing a bit of a change just now accompanied by some excitement but we get only an echo of the thunder; the noise itself is made in the United States, for the British Lion has no time to grunt at anybody else while he is roaring in Egypt. But we digress! To follow the lines laid down by the English in '87 and the Yankees in '92 we must adopt a name for certain of our goods suitable to the period and events of today.

For the next few weeks we will ask you to try our "Provisional Rat traps" nothing like them has ever been shown in Hawaii. Fancy catching eleven rats at a single setting; they take everything in sight. The only objection we, as dealers, have to them is the fact of their catching so many rats that the supply is soon exhausted.

Then we mention our "Provisional Bells" for the table or doors. These have taken the place of the once famous "290" bell that has gone out of date. We recommend the "provisional" in preference to anything we have in stock. The table bells are heavily plated and well adapted to a climate like ours where even a coat will rust. Electric door bells and attachments for windows are among the useful things offered you.

Several kinds of flour sifters have been on this market of late years and each one apparently an improvement on the one that preceded it. By the Mariposa we received another new one belonging evidently to the "Victor" family, as they are similar in appearance to those of that name. You will remember that in the Victor you turned a crank. In the new kind, the "Barlow," you simply shake it and a wire connection at the bottom sifts the flour.

Hawaiian Hardware Co., Ltd

Opposite Spreckels' Block,
Fort Street.

For Sale

On Account of Departure.

A TRACT OF LAND, NEAR Moiliili and Beretania street, of about 8 Acres, favorably located for division into Building Lots; at present cultivated for vegetables, rice and bananas; water from two Artesian Wells. Apply to
"M. A."
P. O. Box 442, Honolulu.

A NEWLY BUILT Cottage 24x36, containing 4 Rooms, Kitchen and Bathroom, on a lot 50 feet frontage on Beckwith street near Punahoa; 5 minutes' walk from the tramcars; Artesian Water. Apply to
"M. A."
P. O. Box 442, Honolulu.

Bruce & A. J. Cartwright.

To Let or Lease

At Prices to Suit the Times.

NO. 1.

THAT VERY DESIRABLE Residence at present occupied by James Love as a home, situated on King street opposite the residence of Dr. G. P. Andrews. House contains Large Parlor, Dining-room, 3 Large Bedrooms, Kitchen, etc. Roomy Stables and Servant's Quarters in rear; only 10 minutes' walk to the Post Office. Possession given in March, 1893.
503-11

NO. 2.

THAT COMMODIOUS and Well-appointed Two-story Brick Building with Pleasant Grounds, formerly the residence of the late H. J. Hart, situated on Nuuanu Avenue below School street. Terms easy.
623-11

NOTE—Before seeking or closing bargains elsewhere, it will pay you to scan our column, and to at once consult the undersigned at their office.

"We keep property in first-class condition. Our terms are moderate and as landlords we will always be found reasonable in our dealings."

Apply in each case to

BRUCE or A. J. CARTWRIGHT,

"Cartwright Building," Merchant street.
545-11

To Let or Lease.

TO LET

A NICELY FURNISHED House near town. Enquire at BULLETIN Office.
614-11

TO LET.